

July 2015

Smith County

Estimated Economic Impact of Agriculture, Food, and Food Processing Sectors

A total of 10 agriculture, food, and food processing sectors were analyzed to determine their overall contribution to the Smith County economy. These 10 sectors have a total direct output of approximately \$162 million and support 477.2 jobs in Smith County. Running the model for all 10 sectors simultaneously produces the following results:

Agriculture Contribution in Smith County

				% of Gross		% of Gross
		% of Total	Total	Regional		Regional
Impact Type ²	Employment	Employment	Value Added ³	Product ⁴	Output ⁵	Product
Direct Effect	477.2	22%	\$62,693,610	39%	\$161,990,630	102%
Indirect Effect	117.6	5%	\$8,707,394	5%	\$17,151,520	11%
Induced Effect	94.0	4%	\$6,294,402	4%	\$11,412,494	7%
Total Effect	688.9	31%	\$77,695,406	49%	\$190,554,644	120%

As shown in the above table, agriculture, food, and food processing supports 688.9 jobs, or 31% of the entire workforce in the county. These industries provide a total economic contribution of approximately \$191 million, roughly 120% of Gross Region Product (GRP). As noted below in the calculation of Gross Regional Product, imports and institutional sales are subtracted. Therefore, counties that import a relatively large amount of goods and services will have a reduced GRP which may lead to agricultural output being greater than GRP.

Another metric used to calculate the importance of sectors in an economy is their value added as a percentage of GRP. Total value added by the 10 agriculture, food, and food processing sectors is approximately \$78 million, or 49% of the GRP. This indicates that personal income, business income, and taxes generated by these sectors account for 49% of the total economy.

The following tables document the overall summary numbers of the model, top industries affected by employment and output, and a listing of all industries that were analyzed.

¹ Article on building a contribution analysis in IMPLAN that avoids double counting: https://implan.com/index.php?option=com content&view=category&id=19

² Direct, indirect, and induced effects sum together to estimate the total economic contribution in the state. **Direct effects** capture the contribution from agricultural and food products. **Indirect effects** capture the economic benefit from farms and agricultural businesses purchasing inputs from supporting industries within the state. **Induced effects** capture the benefits created when employees of farms, agricultural businesses, and the supporting industries spend their wages on goods and services within the state.

³ Value Added = Labor Income + Indirect Business Taxes + Other Property Type Income

⁴ GRP = Final Demand of Households + Governments Expenditures + Capital + Exports - Imports - Institutional Sales

⁵ Output = Intermediate Inputs + Value Added

In the top ten by employment, Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs is the top employer in the agriculture industry with 182.3 employees. This table also shows the amount of jobs that are created by the agriculture industry in Smith County.

Top 10 Industries Affected by Employment

	Total	Total
Sector Description:	Employment	Output
Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs	182.3	\$27,624,881
Grain farming	103.4	\$54,124,663
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching		
and farming	87.7	\$33,984,267
All other crop farming	46.4	\$8,805,122
Wholesale trade	39.5	\$8,084,697
Dairy cattle and milk production	32.6	\$9,090,760
Truck transportation	17.3	\$2,336,409
Animal, except poultry, slaughtering	14.9	\$8,687,121
Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation	13.8	\$2,125,052
Hospitals	13.3	\$1,521,444

The Grain farming industry directly contributes approximately \$54 million to Smith County's economy. This table also shows how much revenue is generated in other industries by having a strong agriculture industry.

Top 10 Industries Affected by Output

	Total	Total
Sector Description:	Employment	Output
Grain farming	103.4	\$54,124,663
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching		
and farming	87.7	\$33,984,267
Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs	182.3	\$27,624,881
Oilseed farming	5.9	\$19,068,772
Dairy cattle and milk production	32.6	\$9,090,760
All other crop farming		\$8,805,122
Animal, except poultry, slaughtering	14.9	\$8,687,121
Wholesale trade	39.5	\$8,084,697
Owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	\$2,648,701
Truck transportation	17.3	\$2,336,409

Below is a summary of all agriculture data with employment levels and output level. These values can tell how many jobs are represented by each agriculture sector and the output they contributed to Smith County's economy.

Sector Description:	Employment	Output
Oilseed farming	5.9	\$19,068,772
Grain farming	103.4	\$54,124,663
Vegetable and melon farming	0.4	\$109,123
Greenhouse, nursery, and floriculture production	0.8	\$201,198
All other crop farming	46.4	\$8,805,122
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching		" 3
and farming	87.7	\$33,984,267
Dairy cattle and milk production	32.6	\$9,090,760
Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs		\$27,624,881
Animal, except poultry, slaughtering		\$8,687,121
Bread and bakery product, except frozen, manufacturing		\$294,721
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All 105 counties in Kansas have IMPLAN models with an agriculture contribution summary. These values do not factor in the retail environment of food sales. Food retail is important, but in order to provide the most accurate picture of what production agricultural and processing contributes to Kansas, the retail sector was omitted.